

STUDIES IN THE EUPATORIEAE (ASTERACEAE). CXXIII.

ADDITIONS TO THE GENUS MIKANIA.

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Recent efforts in the genus Mikania have revealed the following four undescribed species.

Mikania standleyi R.M.King & H.Robinson, sp. nov.
Plantae scandentes vel suffrutescentes paucem vel multo ramosae. Caules fulvi teretes striati dense scabridi interdum fistulosi. Folia opposita breviter petiolata, petiolis plerumque 1.0-1.5 cm longis; lamina ovata 3.5-7.0 cm longa 2-4 cm lata base rotundata margine integra ad apicem obtusa supra et subtus sparsim scabrida, nervis pinnatis, paribus secondariis prominentibus duplicitibus in quarta inferiore valde ascendentibus. Inflorescentiae pyramidaliter paniculatae, ramis paniculatis retrorse scabridis. Capitula sessilia plerumque biniter vel tripliciter disposita ca. 9 mm alta. Squamae subinvolucri oblongae ca. 2.5 mm longae abaxialiter glabrae. Squamae involucri anguste oblongae ca. 5 mm longae et 1.0-1.2 mm latae obtusae extus sparsim puberulae. Corollae albae? 4.0-4.5 mm longae extus minute puberulae et paucem glanduliferae, tubis distinctis ca. 1.5 mm longis, limbis anguste campanulatis vel cylindricis, lobis ca. 0.5 mm longis ca. 0.4 mm latis, cellulis quadratis vel breviter oblongis, 25-35 μ latis; thecae antherarum ca. 1.3 mm longae, appendicibus late oblongis, ca. 200 μ longis et latis; styli inferne nodulosi glabri, appendicibus breviter papillosis. Achaenia 5-costata 4.0-4.5 mm longa paucem breviter setifera et glandulifera. Setae pappi ca. 40 plerumque uniseriatae ad apicem vix incrassatae. Grana pollinis ca. 23 μ diam.

Type: COSTA RICA: San Jose: near Finca La Cima, above Los Lotes, North of El Copey, altitude 2100-2400 meters, December 21-22, 1925, Paul C. Standley 42814 (Holotype US!). Paratype COSTA RICA: Cartago: vicinity of Millsville, Pan-American Highway, about 3 km above Nivel, 3000-3300 meters, July 22 1949, Holm & Iltis 506 (US!).

The new species seems very closely related to M. steubelii Hieron. of northern South America but the

latter has generally shorter petioles and at least remotely subserrulate leaf margins, the stems and leaves lack the short stout scabrae and the hairs of the corolla are more concentrated toward the tips of the lobes.

Mikania steyermarkii R.M.King & H.Robinson, sp. nov. Plantae scandentes grosse herbaceae sparsim ramosae. Caules ful-virides teretes vel subhexagoni striati minute puberuli saepe fistulosi. Folia opposita anguste petiolata, petiolis 0.5-2.5 cm longis; lamina ovata vel lanceolata 6-10 cm longa 1.5-6.0 cm lata base rotundata vel subcuneata margine integra vel obscure subserrulata ad apicem anguste acuminata multo glandulo-punctata aliter subglabra prope basin valde trinervata, nervis secondariis prominentibus submarginibus longe ascendentibus. Inflorescentiae in ramis corymbosis congestis dispositae. Capitula ca. 1 cm alta plerumque tripliciter disposita sessilia. Squamae subinvolutri prominentes anguste ellipticae 4-5 mm longae glandulo-punctatae et sparsim puberulae. Squamae involutri anguste oblongae 6-7 mm longae ca. 1.2 mm latae ad apicem obtusae extus glandulo-punctatae et aliquantum puberulae. Corollae albae ca. 4.5 mm longae, tubis aliquatum distinctis ca. 2.5 mm longis, limbis anguste campanulatis, lobis brevibus ca. $1\frac{1}{2}$ longioribus quam latioribus extus glanduliferis, cellulis breviter oblongis $20-30\mu$ latis; thecae antherarum ca. 2 mm longae, appendicibus longe triangularibus $450-500\mu$ longis ca. 230μ latis; styli inferne glabri, appendicibus breviter papillosis. Acheania 5-costata 3.5-4.0 mm longa multo glandulifera paucе pilifera. Setae pappi ca. 40 plerumque uniseriatae ad apicem leniter incrassatae. Grana pollinis 18μ diam.

Type: VENEZUELA: Miranda: Distrito Brion: Entre Chuspa y Aricagua, 5.5 km oeste de Aricagua, 50 metros, 11 Marzo 1973, Steyermark & Espinosa 106893 (Holotype US!). Paratype: same locality, Steyermark & Espinosa 106895 (US!).

The species is rather distinct in the strong pair of secondary leaf veins running near the margins. The species has corymbose branches in the inflorescence and short corolla lobes similar to M. parviflora (Aubl.) Karst. but lacks the long papillae of the style. The species seems closer to M. gleasonii B.L.Robinson of British Guiana but the latter has larger purple corollas and a rather unique form of pappus with extra

smaller setae disposed in a distinct inner series. The new species has the major veins distinctly and narrowly raised on the upper surface but much more prominent below.

Mikania tillettii R.M.King & H.Robinson, sp. nov.
Plantae scandentes grosse herbaceae sparsim ramosae. Caules rubescentes teretes vel subhexagoni striati glabri vel minute puberuli saepe anguste fistulosi. Folia opposita aliquantum anguste petiolata, petiolis 1.0-2.5 cm longis; lamina ovata usque ad 12 cm longa et 7 cm lata base rotundata vel subcuneata margine integra ad apicem breviter anguste acuminata multo minute glandulo-punctata aliter glabra prope basin valde subpinnate 3-5-nervata, nervis tertiaris obscuris. Inflorescentiae in ramis corymbosis laxis dispositae, pedicellis 1-4 mm longis minute puberulis. Capitula ca. 1 cm alta. Squamae subinvolucri anguste oblongae ca. 2 mm longae glabrae. Squamae involucri anguste oblongae ca. 5 mm longae ca. 1.2-1.5 mm latae ad apicem plerumque rotundatae extus glandulo-punctatae sparsim puberulae. Corollae albae vel rubescens? ca. 5.5 mm longae anguste infundibulares extus pauce glanduliferae, tubis indistinctis angustis, lobis ca. 1 mm longis 0.4 mm latis, cellulis oblongis 20-30 μ latis, parietibus sinuosus; thecae antherarum ca. 1 mm longae, appendicibus longe triangularibus 400-450 μ longis ca. 180 μ latis; styli inferni glabri, appendicibus breviter papillosis. Achaenia 5-costata 3.5-4.0 mm longa glandulifera. Setae pappi ca. 40 plerumque uniseriatae ad apicem leniter incrassatae. Grana pollinis ca. 23 μ diam.

Type: BRITISH GUIANA: upper Mazaruni River Basin: Mt. Ayanganna, mixed evergreen forest on and below talus from cliffs along NE side; elevation 750-900 m., August 18, 1960, Tillett, Tillett & Boyan 45894 (Holotype US!).

The species has most of the characters of Mikania gleasonii and M. steyermarkii with the more pedicellate heads of the former and the mostly uniseriate pappus of the latter. The species differs from M. gleasonii by the presence of a distinct subinvolucral bract and the bract is much more prominent than in M. steyermarkii.

Mikania tysonii R.M.King & H.Robinson, sp. nov.

Plantae decumbentes vel scandentes saepe epiphytiae pauce vel multo ramosae. Caules fulvi teretes vel leniter hexagoni interdum anguste fistulosi. Folia opposita anguste petiolata, petiolis 0.5-1.5 cm longis; lamina elliptica vel obovata usque ad 8 cm longa et 3.5 cm lata base breviter cuneata margine integra ad apicem anguste rotundata vel breviter acuminata interdum rubre multo glandulo-punctata aliter glabra in sicca minute rugosa, nervis secondariis binis duplicitibus parallelis subbasilaribus ascendentibus. Inflorescentiae irregulariter corymboso-paniculatae, pedicellis 1.5-6.0 mm longis mm longis sparse puberulis. Capitula ca. 5 mm alta. Squamae subinvolucri anguste oblongae ca. 1.5 mm longae. Squamae involucri oblongae ca. 3.5 mm longae ca. 1 mm latae ad apicem rotundatae extus sparse puberulae et plerumque rubro-glandulosopunctatae. Corollae albae ca. 4.5 mm longae extus glanduliferae, tubis brevibus indistinctis, lobis duplo longioribus quam latioribus; thecae antherarum ca. 1 mm longae, appendicibus late oblongo-ovatis 200-300 μ longis ca. 150 μ latis; styli inferne glabri, appendicibus breviter papillosis. Achaenia 4-5 costata 2-3 mm longa multo glandulifera interdum puberula. Setae pappi ca. 50 plerumque uniseriatae ad apicem distinete incrassatae. Grana pollinis ca. 22 μ diam.

Type: PANAMA: Panama: top Cerro Jefe, 3000 ft. July 9, 1966, Tyson, Dwyer, & Blum 4429 (Holotype US! Isotype MO!). Paratypes: PANAMA: Bocas del Toro: Old Bank Island, vicinity of Chiriqui Lagoon, von Wedel 2041 (MO); Coclé: La Mesa, 5 miles N of El Valle, 2500 ft, Tyson et al 2445 (US); Panama: Cerro Jefe, 2900 ft, Dwyer & Gauger 7378 (MO).

The species occurs in a series of localities in central and western Panama. The plants are rather small with mostly elliptical leaves. The inflorescence is of an intermediate corymbose-paniculate shape that cannot be easily placed in any of the general groupings of the genus. A close relative might be M. lucida Blake of Venezuela which has a smaller thinner anther appendage.

Mikania zonensis R.M.King & H.Robinson, sp. nov.

Plantae scandentes grosse herbaceae sparsim ramosae. Caules sensim subnigrescentes teretes striati subglabri anguste fistulosi. Folia opposita anguste petiolata,

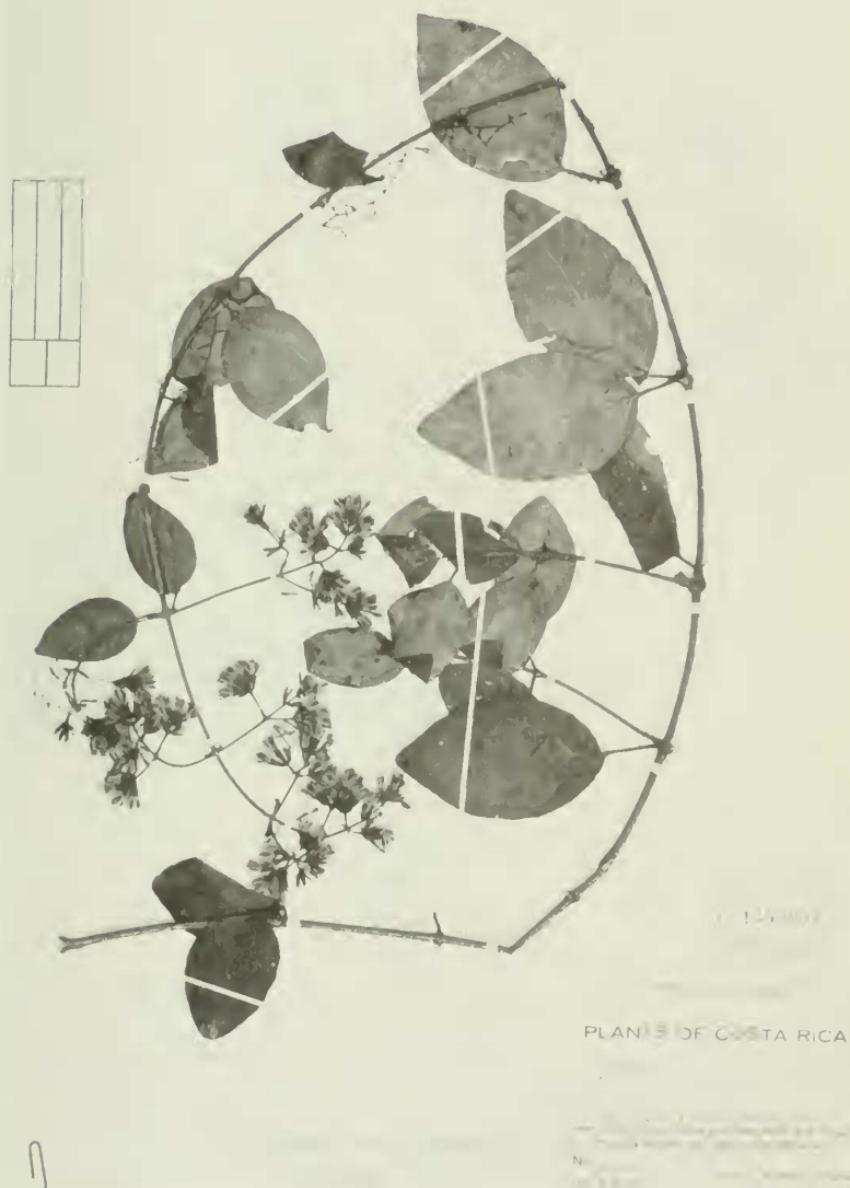
petiolis usque ad 4 cm longis; lamina elliptica-ovata usque ad 21 cm longa 8 cm lata base rotundata vel breviter cuneata non acuminata margine integra ad apicem anguste caudate acuminata supra et subtus subglabra, nervis subtus vix prominentibus sparsim puberulis, paribus secondariis distinctis prope basem paucis valde ascendentibus. Inflorescentiae in ramis corymbosis congestis dispositae. Capitula ca. 8-9 mm alta tripliciter disposita sessilia. Squamae subinvolucri perminutae ca. 1 mm longae. Squamae involucri anguste oblongae ca. 5 mm longae ca. 1.5 mm latae ad apicem rotundatae extus striatae sparsim glandulopunctatae et superne puberulæ. Corollæ albae, ca. 5 mm longae extus glandulopunctatae, tubis subdistinctis ca. 2 mm longis, limbis anguste infundibularibus extus glandulopunctatis, lobis equilateraliter triangularibus extus puberulis, cellulis quadratis vel breviter oblongis 20-30 μ latis; thecae antherarum ca. 1.5 mm longae, appendicibus longe triangularibus ca. 400 μ longis ca. 240 μ latis; styli inferne distincte sparsim papilloi, appendicibus longe papillosis. Achaenia 5-costata ca. 3.5 mm longa sensim valde corticata. Setae pappi ca. 60 plerumque uniseriatae ad apicem non vel leniter incrassatae. Grana pollinis ca. 18 μ diam.

Type: PANAMA: Canal Zone: Albrook; U. S. Army Tropic Test Center Site, April 1965, Dwyer & Robyns 115 (Holotype MO! Isotype US!).

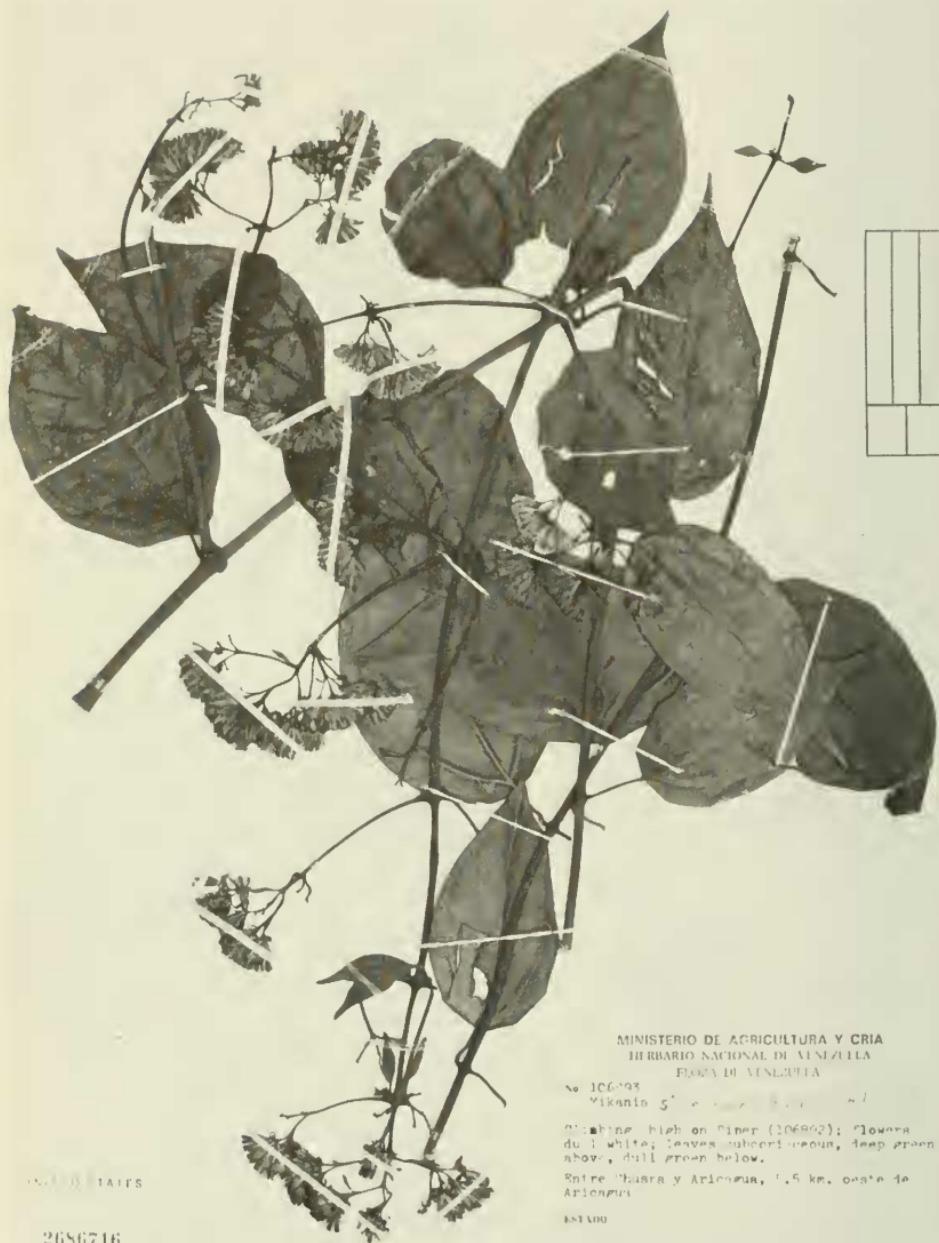
The species is closely related to M. guaco with the same form of style and achene. The species differs in the leaf which is more elliptical, less decurrent and more glabrous.

Acknowledgement

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Mikania standleyi R.M.King & H.Robinson.



MINISTERIO DE AGRICULTURA Y CRIA
HERBARIO NACIONAL DE VENEZUELA
PLANTA DE VENEZUELA

No 106893 *Mikania* sp. n. sp. n.

Guanipa, high on Pácora (106892); flowers
white; leaves subcordate, deep green
above, dull green below.

Entre Guara y Aricagua, 1,6 km. oeste de
Arionopus.

ESTADO

Altura:

Nom. Herb:

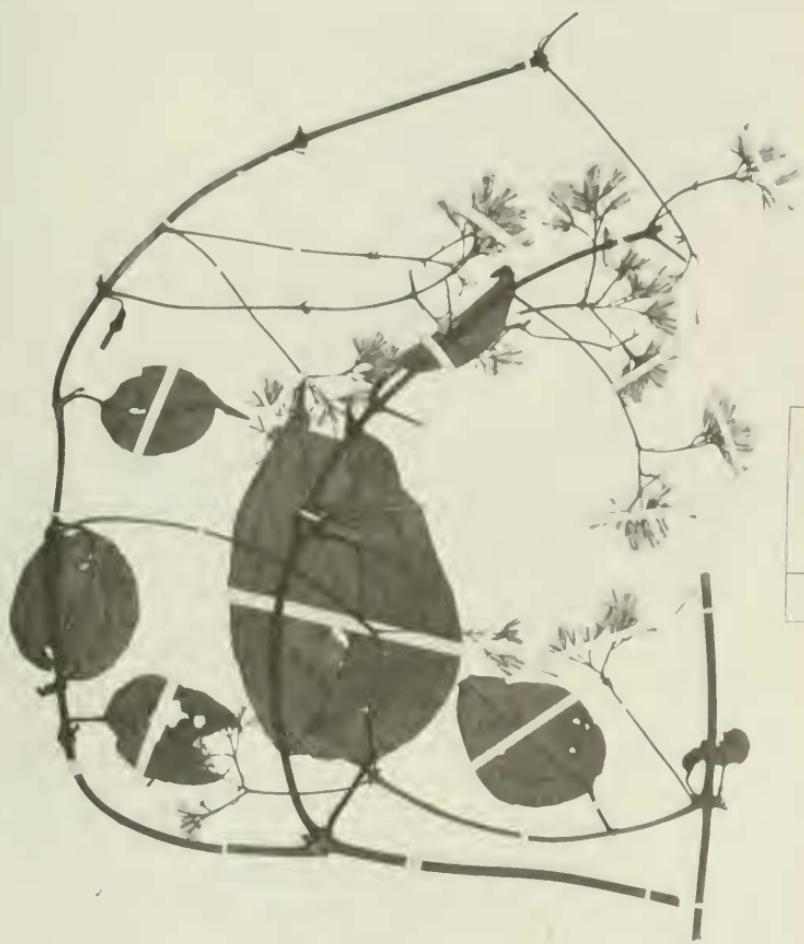
Julian A. Steyermark

COLLECTOR'S STAMP

NO. 106893 M

2686716

Mikania steyermarkii R.M.King & H.Robinson.



Mikania tillettii R.M.King & H.Robinson.



8 ARMY TROPIC TEST CENTER
Fort Clayton, Canal Zone

COUNTRY: PANAMA PROVINCE:

2639829

Coll.

Det.

No.

Date:

ETC Label 1001
8 Feb 66 (Test)

Mikania tysonii R.M.King & H.Robinson.



PLANTS OF PANAMA

Mikania zonensis R.M. King & H. Robinson